

Ch. 7 Sec. 6

Solve explicitly or implicitly as indicated.

1. Implicitly; $\frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{4t^3}{2y+5y^4} = 0$

2. Implicitly; $\frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{4t^3}{2y+e^y} = 0$

3. Implicitly; $(y+e^y)\frac{dy}{dt} - t = 0$

4. Implicitly; $\frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{t}{1+e^y} = 0$

5. Implicitly; $\frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{t}{1+y^2} = 0$

6. Explicitly; $\frac{1}{t^3} \frac{dy}{dt} - 4y^2 = 0$

7. Explicitly; $e^y \frac{dy}{dt} - 3t^2 = 0$

8. Explicitly; $\frac{1}{1+y} \frac{dy}{dt} - 2t = 0; y > 0, t > 0$

9. Explicitly; $2y \frac{dy}{dt} - e^t = 0$

10. Explicitly; $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{t^4}{y^6}$

11. Explicitly; $\frac{i}{t^3} \frac{dy}{dt} - 4y^2 = 0$

12. Explicitly; $e^y \frac{dy}{dt} - t^2 = 1$

13. Explicitly; $\frac{3}{y} \frac{dy}{dt} - e^t = 0$

14. Explicitly; $\frac{1}{1+t^2} \frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{1}{y} = 0$

Solve implicitly for two points. One bonus point for explicit solution:

15. $\frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{t}{1+y} = 0$

16. $\frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{6t^5}{1+y} = 0$

17. $\frac{dy}{dt} - \frac{e^t}{1+y} = 0$

Answers:

$$1. \int (2y + 5y^4)dy = \int 4t^3 dt$$

$$y^2 + y^5 = t^4 + c$$

$$2. 2y + e^y dy = 4t^3 dt$$

$$\int 2y + e^y dy = \int 4t^3 dt$$

$$y^2 + e^y = t^4 + c$$

$$3. \frac{1}{t^3} \frac{dy}{dt} = 4y^2$$

$$y^{-2} dy = 4t^3 dt;$$

$$\frac{y^{-1}}{-1} = t^4 + c; y = \frac{-1}{t^4 + c}$$

$$4. e^y dy = 3t^2 dt$$

$$e^y = t^3 + c$$

$$y = \ln(t^3 + c)$$

$$5. y + \frac{y^3}{3} = \frac{t^2}{2} + c$$

$$6. y = \pm \sqrt{2 \left(\frac{t^3}{3} + t + C \right)}$$

$$7. y + \frac{y^2}{2} = \frac{t^2}{2} + C$$

$$y = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 + 4(t^2 + 2C)}}{2}$$

$$8. \frac{1}{1+y} \frac{dy}{dt} = 2t$$

$$\frac{1}{1+y} dy = 2t dt$$

$$\ln(1+y) = t^2 + c$$

$$y = e^{t^2 + c} - 1$$

$$9. 2y \frac{dy}{dt} - e^t = 0$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dt} = e^t$$

$$2y dy = e^t dt$$

$$y^2 = e^t + c$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{e^t + c}$$

$$10. y = \left(7 \frac{t^5}{5} + C \right)^{1/7}$$

$$11. y = \frac{-1}{t^4 + C}$$

$$12. y = \ln \left(\frac{t^3}{3} + t + C \right)$$

$$13. y = e \left(\frac{e^t + C}{3} \right)$$

$$14. \frac{y^2}{2} + e^y = \frac{t^2}{2} + C$$

$$15. y + e^y = \frac{t^2}{2} + c$$

$$16. y + \frac{y^2}{2} = t^6 + C$$

$$y = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 + 8(t^6 + C)}}{2}$$

$$17. y + \frac{y^2}{2} = e^t + C$$

$$y = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 + 8(e^t + C)}}{2}$$